A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles

**Population, urbanization, GDP and industrial structure forecast scenario data of the Heihe River Basin (Version 1.0) (2010-2050)**

1、Description

Taking 2000 as the base year, the future population scenario prediction adopted the Logistic model of population, and it not only can better describe the change pattern of population and biomass but also is widely applied in the economic field. The urbanization rate was predicted using the urbanization Logistic model. Based on the existing urbanization horizontal sequence value, the prediction model was established by acquiring the parameters in the parametric equation applying nonlinear regression. The urban population was calculated by multiplying the predicted population by the urbanization rate. The Logistic model was used to predict the future gross national product of each county (or city), and then, according to the economic development level of each county (or city) in each period (in terms of real GDP per capita), the corresponding industrial structure scenarios in each period were set, and the output value of each industry was predicted. The trend of industrial structure changing in China and the research area lagged behind the growth of GDP, so it was adjusted according to the need of the future industrial structure scenarios of the research area.

2、Keywords

Theme：Population,Gross domestic product,Social and Economic,Urbanization,Industrial structure,GDP per capita,Population number,Environment Pollution and Control
Discipline：Human-nature Relationship
Places：Heihe River Basin
Time：2010-2050, 2005

3、Data details

1.Scale：None

2.Projection：

3.Filesize：0.017MB

4.Data format：EXCEL

4、Space scope

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| - | north：42.3 | - |
| west：96.1 | - | east：102.0 |
| - | south：37.7 | - |

5、Time frame:2005-01-10 01:37:00+00:00--2051-01-09 01:37:00+00:00

6、Reference method

References to data:

Population, urbanization, GDP and industrial structure forecast scenario data of the Heihe River Basin (Version 1.0) (2010-2050). A Big Earth Data Platform for Three Poles, doi:10.11888/Socio-econ.tpe.00000041.file2018

References to articles:

张九天, 何霄嘉, 上官冬辉, 钟方雷, 刘时银. (2012). 冰川加剧消融对我国西北干旱区的影响及其适应对策[J]. 冰川冻土, 34(4), 848-854.

国家发展和改革委员会. (2012). 气候变化对中国的影响评估及其适应对策. 科学出版社.

7、Supporting project information

CASEarth:Big Earth Data for Three Poles（grant No. XDA19070000）

8、Data resource provider